**Unit 7-The Cold War**

***United States History* Chapter 25-The Cold War (1945-1960)**

# Assignment Sheet/Guided Reading

**Section 1-The Cold War Begins (pp. 846-853)**

**Focus Question:** *How did U.S. leaders respond to the threat of Soviet expansion in Europe?*

1. Define the following terms as you read: Potsdam Conference, satellite states, Cold War, “Iron Curtain” speech, Truman Doctrine, George Kennan, containment, Marshall Plan, The Berlin Airlift, NATO, Warsaw Pact
2. Answer the following questions as you read:
3. How did the goals of the U.S. and Soviet foreign policy differ after World War II?
4. What events caused President Truman to propose what became known as the Truman Doctrine?
5. Why did George Kennan think that containment would work against Soviet expansion?
6. How did the United States and its allies apply the containment policy in Europe?
7. Use the primary source on page 853 to answer the following question: According to Truman, how would economic aid support freedom in Greece and Turkey?

**Section 2-The Korean War (pp. 854-859)**

**Focus Question:** *How did President Truman use the power of the presidency to limit the spread of communism in East Asia?*

1. Define the following terms as you read: Chiang Kai-shek, Mao Zedong, 38th Parallel, UN, Security Council, Douglas MacArthur, limited war, SEATO
2. Answer the following questions as you read:
3. Why were the communists able to win the Chinese Civil War?
4. How did President Truman react to the North Korean invasion of South Korea?
5. What were the most important results of U.S. participation in the Korean War?
6. How did the way in which Truman handled the Korean crisis affect the powers of the presidency?

**Section 3-The Cold War Expands (pp. 860-867)**

**Focus Question:** *What methods did the U.S. use in its global struggle against the Soviet Union?*

1. Define the following terms as you read: arms race, mutually assured destruction, Dwight Eisenhower, John Foster Dulles, massive retaliation, brinkmanship, Nikita Khrushchev, Hungarian Revolution, Suez Crisis, Eisenhower Doctrine, CIA, NASA, Duck and Cover
2. Answer the following questions as you read:
3. Why did the U.S. government decide to build a hydrogen bomb?
4. How was Eisenhower’s approach to foreign affairs different from that of Truman?
5. How did the Hungarian and Suez crises of 1956 raise Cold War tensions?
6. How were the covert operations of the CIA in Guatemala and Iran different from the military operations of the U.S. Army in Korea?

**Section 4-The Cold War at Home (pp. 868-875)**

**Focus Question:** *How did fear of domestic communism affect American society during the Cold War?*

1. Define the following terms as you read: Red Scare, Smith Act, HUAC, Hollywood Ten, Whitaker Chambers, Alger Hiss, Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, McCarthyism, Invasion of the Body Snatchers, Captain America, Margaret Chase Smith
2. Answer the following questions as you read:
3. What steps did Truman and Congress take to investigate communist influence in the U.S.?
4. Why did the Rosenberg case attract nationwide attention and controversy?
5. What events led to Senator McCarthy being censured by the U.S. Senate?

**Unit 7-The Cold War**

***United States History* Chapter 26-Postwar Confidence and Anxiety (1945-1960)**

# Assignment Sheet/Guided Reading

**Section 1-An Economic Boom (pp. 882-887)**

**Focus Question:** *How did the nation experience recovery and economic prosperity after World War II?*

1. Define the following terms as you read: GI Bill of Rights, baby boom, Taft-Hartley Act,
2. Answer the following questions as you read:
3. Why was the government willing to give billions of dollars in assistance to returning World War II veterans?
4. What did many Americans expect to happen to the American economy after World War II?
5. How did the baby boom impact the postwar economy?

**Section 2-A Society on the Move (pp. 888-895)**

**Focus Question:** *What social and economic factors changed American life during the 1950s?*

1. Define the following terms as you read: Levittown, “car culture”, Sunbelt, Interstate Highway Act, service sector, franchise businesses, AFL-CIO
2. Answer the following questions as you read:
3. How did Americans living in the suburbs benefit from the “car culture”?
4. How did the Interstate Highway System spur the growth of suburbs?
5. What motivated so many Americans to migrate to the Sunbelt?
6. In what ways did American businesses change during the postwar period?

**Section 3-Mass Culture and Family Life (pp. 896-901)**

**Focus Question:** *How did popular culture and family life change during the 1950s?*

1. Define the following terms as you read: consumerism, Benjamin Spock, nuclear family, *Father Knows Best, I Love Lucy,* Elvis Presley,rock-n-roll, Sputnik
2. Answer the following questions as you read:
3. What were some reasons why consumer spending skyrocketed in the postwar era?
4. In what ways did family life revolve around children during the 1950s?
5. How did television reflect and reinforce the ideal of the nuclear family in the postwar period?
6. How did rock-n-roll gain popularity?

**Section 4-Dissent and Discontent (pp. 896-901)**

**Focus Question:** *Why were some groups of Americans dissatisfied with conditions in postwar America?*

1. Define the following terms as you read: conformity, beatniks, affluence, inner city, urban renewal,
2. Answer the following questions as you read:
3. Why did many intellectuals and artists criticize American culture during the 1950s?

**Unit 7-The Cold War**

***United States History* Chapter 28-The Kennedy and Johnson Years (1960-1968)**

# Assignment Sheet/Guided Reading

**Section 1-Kennedy and the Cold War (pp. 952-958)**

**Focus Question:** *How did Kennedy respond to the continuing challenges of the Cold War?*

1. Define the following terms as you read: Election of 1960, flexible response, Fidel Castro, Peace Corps, Alliance for Progress, Bay of Pigs, Nikita Krushchev, “hotline”, Nuclear Test Ban Treaty, Berlin Wall
2. Answer the following questions as you read:
3. How did the television debates affect the 1960 presidential election?
4. What strategies did Kennedy use to improve relations between the United States and developing countries?
5. Why was the U.S. concerned about the missile sites in Cuba?
6. How did the meeting in Vienna affect relations between Kennedy and Khrushchev?